CAPSULE SUMMARY
BA- 576
John Morrow House
2702 Cotter Road
Millers, Baltimore County
1762
Private

The log portion of the John Morrow House was constructed in 1762, in the earliest days of settlement around the crossroads community of Middletown in the Sixth District of Baltimore County. The dwelling and its additions are representative of vernacular buildings constructed throughout the county from the early 18th through the late 19th century. The earliest identified inhabitant of the structure was John Morrow, whose name accompanies the dwelling depicted in the 1850 county atlas. By that time, the nearby village of Middletown had already begun to thrive. By 1877, Middletown had grown from a small crossroads community into a rural center. In 1877, Nicholas Cotter, whose family lent its name to the road along which the house is located, was the dwelling's occupant. Although the community's 1881 population of only forty-nine inhabitants did not appear significant, the town was nevertheless in a strategic location between two crossroads along Middletown Road. Growth in and around Middletown slowed down in the early 20th century. The Cotter family remained occupants of the dwelling through 1915.

This vernacular dwelling, clad with stucco since the 1930s, was originally a two-bays-wide log structure with a three-bay wide addition. Located close to the road, the house fronts east on large, grassy lot with a pond to the north. Currently, it has a continuous side gable roof with asphalt shingles that connects its two sections. Seven 6/6 windows and two single-leaf, wood doors that are paneled with lights pierce the façade. All of the windows have wood sills and surrounds with square edges. A distinguishing feature of the building is the exterior end chimney on the north side of the original section. This shouldered chimney, which has been clad with stucco, centrally occupies half of the north elevation. Other attributes include a stuccoed central interior chimney, a circa 1990 wood portico, and a circa 1960 cinder block addition on the rear with a shed roof. This addition includes a cinder block chimney on the exterior end and a porch that is enclosed with one-light windows. A heavily altered stone springhouse is located to the east of the dwelling. Built in circa 1800, this four-bay wide building has a random rubble stone foundation and an overhanging gambrel roof with wood shingles. The barn is located west of the pond was built circa 1850. This structure has a random rubble stone foundation and board-and-batten siding. A circa 1990 hexagonal gazebo with a lattice balustrade and wood shingled pyramidal roof is also located on the property.

### Inventory No. BA- 576

# Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

1. Name of F	Property	(indicate preferred	name)				
historic	John Morrow Ho	use (preferred), Nicholas	Cotter House				
other							
2. Location							
street and number	2702 Cotter Road	1				_ not for	publication
city, town	Millers					vicinity	
county	Baltimore County	/					
3. Owner of	Property	(give names and mailing	g addresses of a	all owners	)		
name	Carol Elaine Bail	ey	<del></del>				
street and number	2707 Cotter Road	1			telephone	Not Ava	ilable
city, town	Miller		state MD		zip code	21102-2	730
Contri	buting Resource in	tax map 11  Additional Data  National Register District Local Historic District e National Register/Maryla	\$200 Miles	99	tax I	D number	0925045080
Recor	ded by HABS/HAEF c Structure Report	the National Register/Mary R or Research Report at MH					
6. Classifica	tion						
Category districtX_building(s)structuresiteobject	Ownership publicX_privateboth	Current Function agriculturecommerce/tradedefensedomesticeducationfunerarygovernmenthealth careindustry	landscaprecreatioreligionsocialtransportwork in punknownvacant/nother:	n/culture ation progress		ng No	ncontributing buildings sites structure objects Total ting Resources the Inventory

_	-			
7	Des	Crit	atioi	n
			JLI ()	

Inventory No. BA- 576

#### Condition

excellent	deteriorated
X good	ruins
fair	altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Erected in 1762, this vernacular dwelling, clad with stucco since the 1930s, was originally a two-bays-wide log structure with a three-bay wide addition. Located close to the road, the house fronts east on large, grassy lot with a pond to the north. Currently, it has a continuous side gable roof with asphalt shingles that connects its two sections. Seven 6/6 windows and two single-leaf, wood doors that are paneled with lights pierce the façade. All of the windows have wood sills and surrounds with square edges. A distinguishing feature of the building is the exterior end chimney on the north side of the original section. This shouldered chimney, which has been clad with stucco, centrally occupies half of the north elevation. Other attributes include a stuccoed central interior chimney, a circa 1990 wood portico, and a circa 1960 cinder block addition on the rear with a shed roof. This addition includes a cinder block chimney on the exterior end and a porch that is enclosed with one-light windows.

A heavily altered stone springhouse is located to the east of the dwelling. Built in circa 1800, this four-bay wide building has a random rubble stone foundation and an overhanging gambrel roof with wood shingles. The façade presents two wood, single-leaf doors of diagonal beaded board and two nine-light windows with square-edged-wood sills and surrounds.

The barn is located west of the pond was built circa 1850. This structure has a random rubble stone foundation and board-and-batten siding. The side gable roof with asphalt shingles overhangs above the four-leaf board-and-batten door.

A circa 1990 hexagonal gazebo with a lattice balustrade and wood shingled pyramidal roof is also located on the property.

8. Signific	ance			Inventory No. BA- 576
Period	Areas of Significance	Check and j	ustify below	
1600-1699 <u>X</u> 1700-1799 <u>X</u> 1800-1899 <u>X</u> 1900-1999 2000-	agriculture archeology X architecture art commerce communications community planning conservation	<ul> <li>economics</li> <li>education</li> <li>engineering</li> <li>entertainment/</li> <li>recreation</li> <li>ethnic heritage</li> <li>exploration/</li> <li>settlement</li> </ul>	health/medicine industry invention landscape archite law literature maritime history military	performing arts philosophy politics/government ecture religion science social history transportation other:
Specific dates	1762-present		Architect/Builder	Unknown
Construction da	ates 1762, 1800 ca., 1960	ca.		
Evaluation for:				
	National Register	N	Maryland Register	Xnot evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

The log portion of the John Morrow House was constructed in 1762, in the earliest days of settlement around the crossroads community of Middletown in the Sixth District of Baltimore County. The dwelling and its additions are representative of vernacular buildings constructed throughout the county from the early 18<sup>th</sup> through the late 19<sup>th</sup> century. The earliest identified inhabitant of the structure was John Morrow, whose name accompanies the dwelling depicted in the 1850 county atlas. By that time, the nearby village of Middletown had already begun to thrive, for the mid-century county atlas indicates that the town included a tavern and school house in addition to several residences along Middletown Road between Freeland and Oakland Road. By 1877, Middletown had grown from a small crossroads community into a rural center. The town then included a physician's office, school house, Odd Fellows hall, a store and one "shop." In 1877, Nicholas Cotter, whose family lent its name to the road along which the house is located, was the dwelling's occupant. Although the community's 1881 population of only forty-nine inhabitants did not appear significant, the town was nevertheless in a strategic location between two crossroads along Middletown Road. Growth in and around Middletown slowed down in the early 20<sup>th</sup> century. The Cotter family remained occupants of the dwelling through 1915.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> J. C. Sidney, Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys (Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland (Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> J. Thomas Scharf, History of Baltimore City and County From the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of Their Representative Men (Philadelphia, PA: Louis H. Everts, 1881. Reprinted by Higginson Book Company, Salem, MA), p. 870.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Map of Baltimore County (Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915).

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. BA- 576

Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland. Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877.

Baltimore County Historic Inventory.

Brooks, Neal A. and Eric G. Rockel. A History of Baltimore County. Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979. Map of Baltimore County. Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915.

Scharf, J. Thomas. History of Baltimore City and County From the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of Their Representative Men. Philadelphia, PA: Louis H. Everts, 1881. Reprinted by Higginson Book Company, Salem, MA.

Sidney, J. C. Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys. Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850.

## 10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property _	.50 Acre			
Acreage of historical setting	Unknown			
Quadrangle name	New Freedom	Quadrangle scale:	1:24,000	_

#### Verbal boundary description and justification

Since its construction in 1762, the John Morrow House has been associated with the 5.17 acres of land known as tax parcel 99 of map 11 located in the Baltimore County Tax Assessor's office.

# 11. Form Prepared by

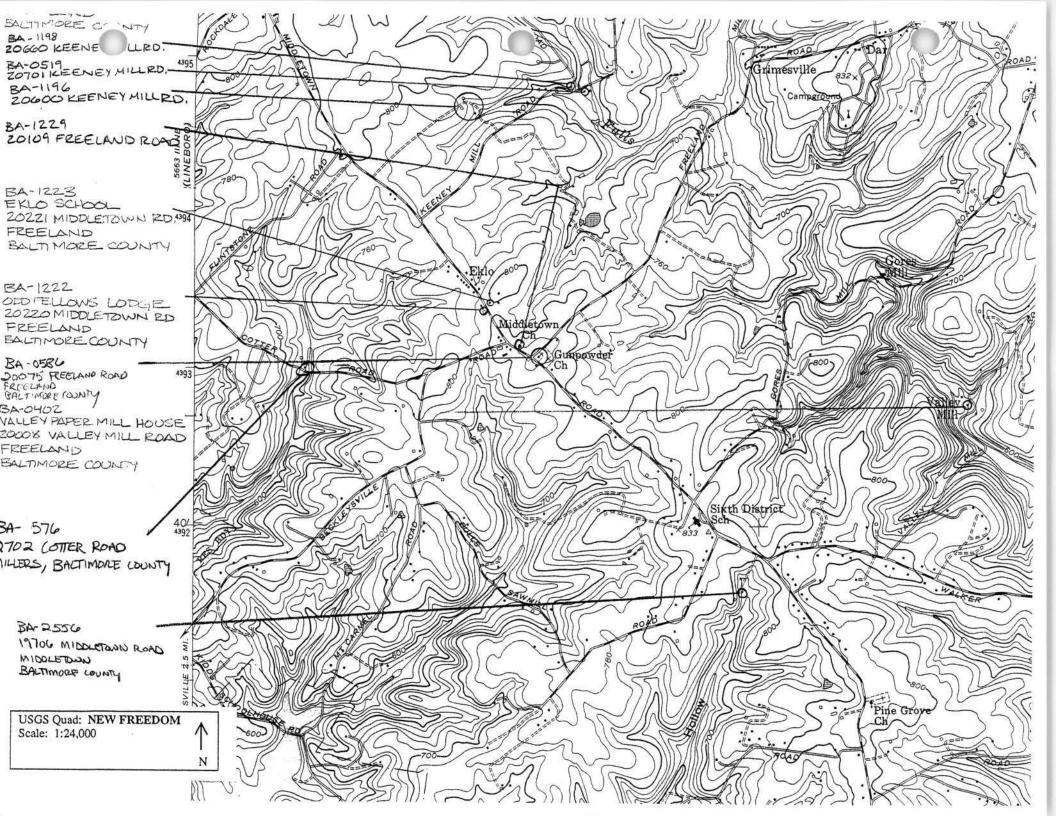
name/title	A. McDonald and A. Didden, Architectural Historians		
organization	EHT Traceries, Incorporated	date	May 17, 2001
street & number	1121 5th Street NW	telephone	202.393.1199
city or town	Washington	state	DC

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust DHCD/DHCP 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023 410-514-7600





BA >576 2702 COTTER ROAD BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD TRACERIES 4/2001 MD-SHPD

MILLERS

E ELEVATION

1 of 3



BA-576 2702 COTTER ROAD MILLERS BALTIMORE COUNTY, MO TRACERIES 4/2001 MO-SHOO NW CORNEL 2 83



BA-0576 2702 COTTER ROAD MILLERS BALTIMOLE LOUSTY, MD TEXCELES 4/2001 MD-SHED

3 2/3

BARN

### DISTRICT 6 (CONTINUED)

CA- 576

COTTER HOUSE \_ Before 1850 - 2702 Cotter road, north side 0.8 mile west of Middletown Road. Possibly the John Morrow house of 1850 map. Shown as "Res." of N. Cotter in 1877 atlas. Nicholas Cotter listed himself as a native of County Kerry, having settled in this county, 1873. He was a farmer with 132 acres. Stone house, covered with stucco, vernacular style, five bays wide, spaced irregularly; house possibly built in two stages. Gable roof. Good condition. Also a sparing house with overhanging roof and two doors and two windows in roadside facade. House is set in stream valley; it was measured at 16 x 50 in 1918 tax list. Former owner: A. Yost, et al.